NEWS RELEASE
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BLS

Miami Area Employment – October 2017
Local Rate of Employment Growth Above the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,668,200 in October 2017, up 62,000, or 2.4 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Nationally, employment increased 1.4 percent from October 2016 to October 2017. Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin noted that the Miami metropolitan area has had over-the-year employment increases each month since August 2010. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Miami metropolitan area and its divisions, October 2012–October 2017
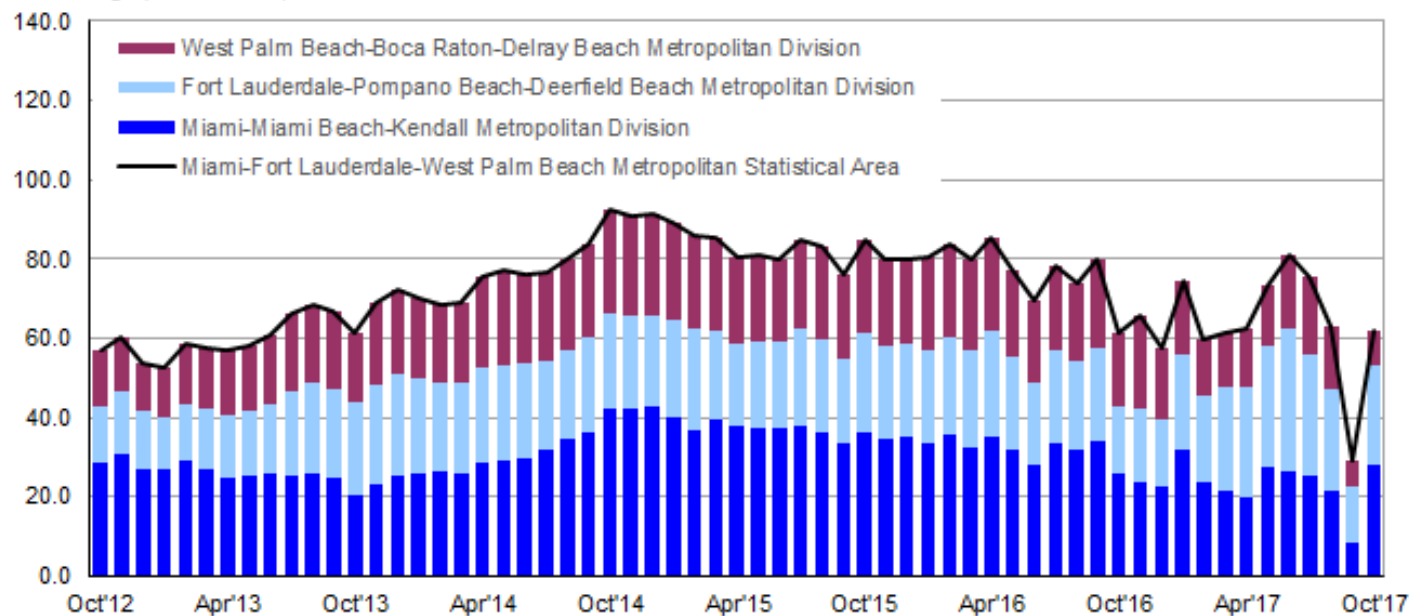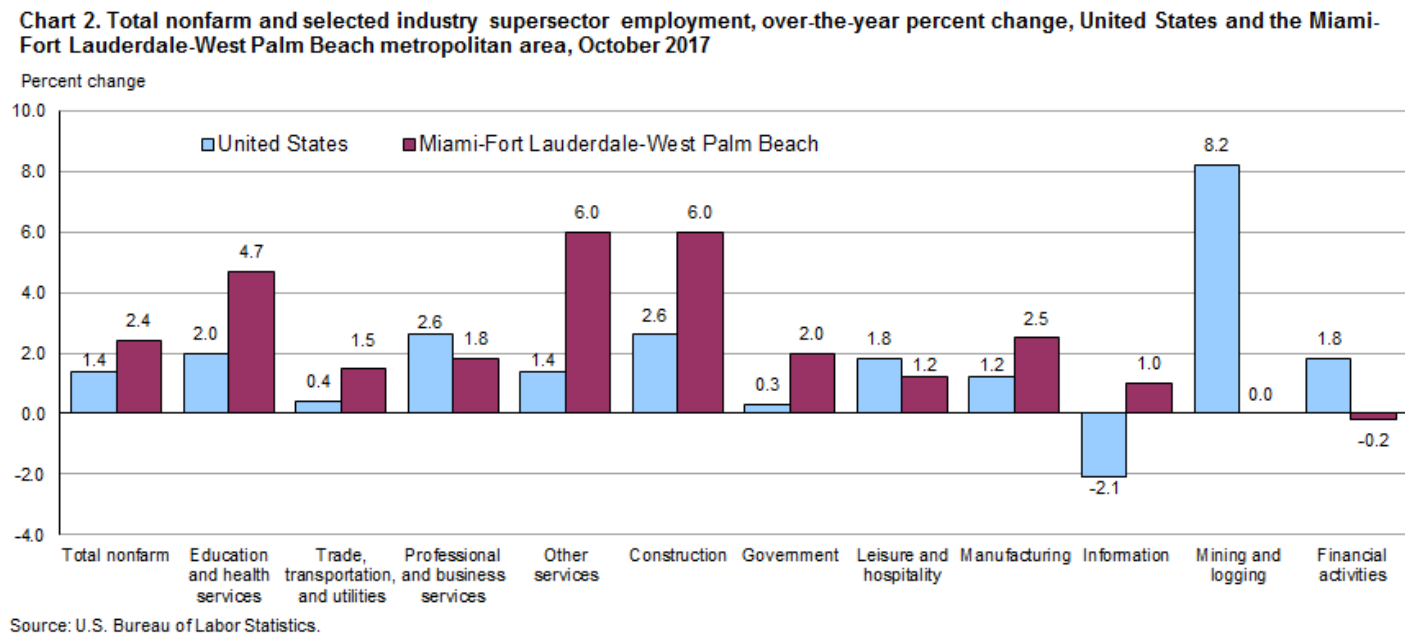
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Miami area is made up of three metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the larger metropolitan area. All three divisions gained jobs over the year. Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, the largest of the three divisions with 45 percent of the area's employment, added 27,900 jobs from

October a year ago. The Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach Division, which accounted for 32 percent of Miami area's workforce, added 25,200 jobs. The West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach Division, with 23 percent of the area's workforce, added 8,900 jobs over the 12-month period.

Industry employment

Education and health services had the largest over-the-year increase in the local area in October 2017, adding 18,000 jobs. All three metropolitan divisions gained jobs from October 2016, with the largest increase in the Fort Lauderdale metropolitan division (+9,800). The supersector's local rate of job growth, at 4.7 percent, was more than double the 2.0-percent gain nationally. (See chart 2.)

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach metropolitan area, October 2017

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Trade, transportation, and utilities had the second largest over-the-year increase in jobs locally from October 2016 to October 2017, growing by 8,600 or 1.5 percent. Both the Miami and Fort Lauderdale metropolitan divisions added jobs over the year. Nationwide, employment in this supersector was up 0.4 percent.

Three other supersectors gained at least 7,500 jobs over the year in the local area—professional and business services (+7,700), other services (+7,600), and construction (+7,500). The local rates of job growth for the other services and the construction industry sectors were faster than their respective national rates.

Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas

Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in October 2017. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in 6 areas exceeding the national increase of 1.4 percent. Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington had the fastest rate of job growth, up 2.7 percent, followed by Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell and Miami, up 2.4 percent each. Chicago-Naperville-Elgin had the slowest rate of job growth, 0.5 percent. (See chart 3 and table 2.)

The Dallas area added the largest number of jobs over the year, 94,400, followed by New York-Newark-Jersey City, up 91,300. Chicago had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 21,700 jobs. Annual jobs gains in the remaining nine metropolitan areas ranged from 65,800 in Atlanta to 27,700 in San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.

Over the year, education and health services added the most jobs in seven areas: Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Miami, New York, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, and San Francisco. Professional and business services gained the most jobs in four areas: Atlanta, Dallas, Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria.

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, October 2017

Percent change

Area	Percent change
United States	1.4
Atlanta	2.4
Boston	2.3
Chicago	0.5
Dallas	2.7
Houston	1.6
Los Angeles	0.8
Miami	2.4
New York	0.9
Philadelphia	1.3
Phoenix	1.7
San Francisco	1.2
Washington	1.4
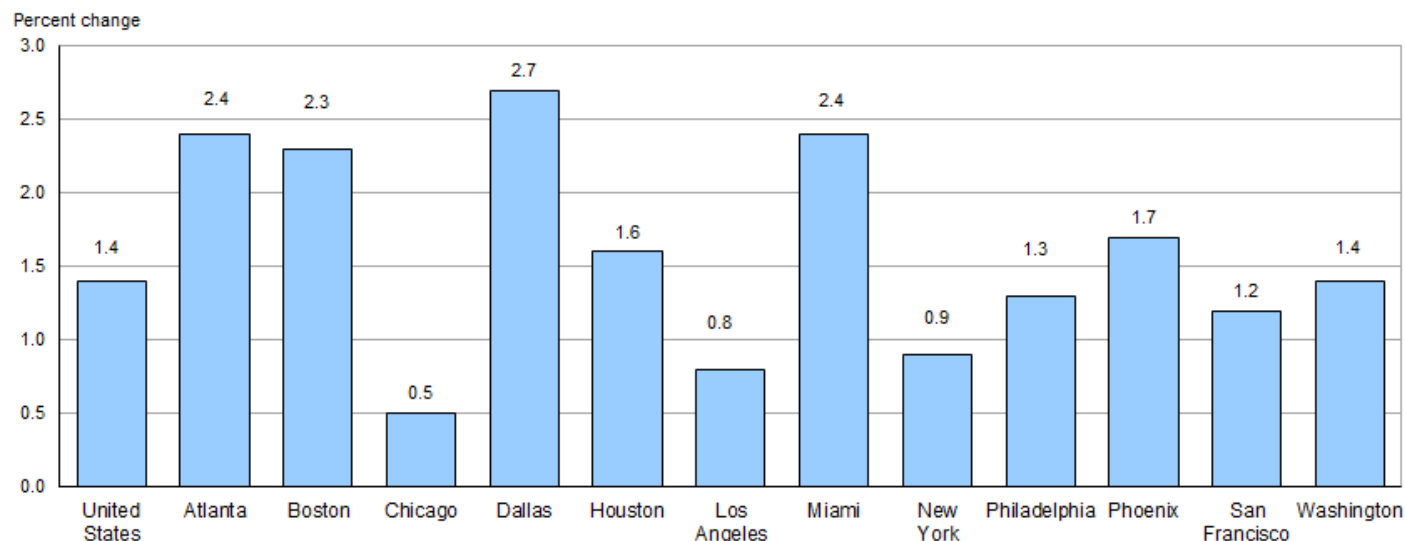
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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Metropolitan area employment data for November 2017 are scheduled to be released on Friday, December 22, 2017.

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2012 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, the sample of establishments is very small or highly variable. In these cases, a model-based approach is used in estimation. These models use the direct sample estimates (described above), combined with forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease volatility in estimation. Two different models (Fay-Herriot Model and Small Domain Model) are used depending on the industry level being estimated. For more detailed information about each model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for the total private employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states down to the supersector level are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this release. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/sae/benchmark2017.pdf.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on July 15, 2015. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla. Metropolitan Statistical Area
includes the counties of Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach in Florida.

- The **Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, Fla.** Metropolitan Division includes Broward County in Florida.
- The **Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, Fla.** Metropolitan Division includes Miami-Dade County in Florida
- The **West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray, Fla.** Metropolitan Division includes Palm Beach County in Florida.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the CES program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and the Miami metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Oct 2016	Aug 2017	Sept 2017	Oct 2017(p)	Oct 2016 to Oct 2017(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
United States						
Total nonfarm	145,969	146,587	146,964	148,006	2,037	1.4
Mining and logging	671	729	727	726	55	8.2
Construction	6,950	7,174	7,124	7,130	180	2.6
Manufacturing	12,349	12,544	12,495	12,499	150	1.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	27,370	27,351	27,307	27,487	117	0.4
Information	2,777	2,733	2,708	2,719	-58	-2.1
Financial activities	8,337	8,534	8,482	8,486	149	1.8
Professional and business services	20,516	20,932	20,876	21,056	540	2.6
Education and health services	22,987	22,857	23,138	23,456	469	2.0
Leisure and hospitality	15,647	16,654	16,053	15,927	280	1.8
Other services	5,708	5,805	5,759	5,786	78	1.4
Government	22,657	21,274	22,295	22,734	77	0.3
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area						
Total nonfarm	2,606.2	2,636.3	2,614.7	2,668.2	62.0	2.4
Mining and logging	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	125.9	132.2	128.8	133.4	7.5	6.0
Manufacturing	87.9	87.9	88.0	90.1	2.2	2.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	591.9	597.8	593.2	600.5	8.6	1.5
Information	49.0	49.1	48.8	49.5	0.5	1.0
Financial activities	175.5	175.6	176.0	175.2	-0.3	-0.2
Professional and business services	431.5	431.6	427.1	439.2	7.7	1.8
Education and health services	385.5	392.6	395.8	403.5	18.0	4.7
Leisure and hospitality	319.8	327.6	312.6	323.7	3.9	1.2
Other services	125.7	131.1	128.0	133.3	7.6	6.0
Government	312.8	310.1	315.7	319.1	6.3	2.0
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	1,168.0	1,175.1	1,167.8	1,195.9	27.9	2.4
Mining and logging	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Construction	45.8	44.8	43.0	45.9	0.1	0.2
Manufacturing	40.8	40.5	40.5	42.2	1.4	3.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	292.1	297.2	294.5	299.6	7.5	2.6
Information	19.1	19.2	19.0	19.2	0.1	0.5
Financial activities	78.4	79.4	79.0	78.3	-0.1	-0.1
Professional and business services	170.1	167.4	164.7	172.1	2.0	1.2
Education and health services	181.9	180.8	185.3	188.6	6.7	3.7
Leisure and hospitality	141.2	146.3	140.8	144.7	3.5	2.5
Other services	54.4	56.7	56.0	58.8	4.4	8.1
Government	143.7	142.3	144.5	146.0	2.3	1.6
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	825.8	844.0	835.5	851.0	25.2	3.1
Construction	44.4	49.1	47.9	48.6	4.2	9.5
Manufacturing	27.7	28.3	28.3	28.5	0.8	2.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	184.6	187.0	186.0	186.9	2.3	1.2
Information	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.3	0.2	1.0
Financial activities	57.4	57.7	57.8	57.8	0.4	0.7
Professional and business services	149.8	150.8	149.0	153.3	3.5	2.3
Education and health services	105.8	111.5	111.1	115.6	9.8	9.3
Leisure and hospitality	93.0	95.7	90.9	93.6	0.6	0.6
Other services	38.8	40.3	39.1	40.2	1.4	3.6
Government	105.1	104.4	106.3	107.1	2.0	1.9

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and the Miami metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Oct 2016	Aug 2017	Sept 2017	Oct 2017(p)	Oct 2016 to Oct 2017(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm...	612.4	617.2	611.4	621.3	8.9	1.5
Construction	35.7	38.3	37.9	38.9	3.2	9.0
Manufacturing...	19.4	19.1	19.2	19.4	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	115.2	113.6	112.7	114.0	-1.2	-1.0
Information	10.8	10.8	10.8	11.0	0.2	1.9
Financial activities	39.7	38.5	39.2	39.1	-0.6	-1.5
Professional and business services	111.6	113.4	113.4	113.8	2.2	2.0
Education and health services	97.8	100.3	99.4	99.3	1.5	1.5
Leisure and hospitality..................................	85.6	85.6	80.9	85.4	-0.2	-0.2
Other services	32.5	34.1	32.9	34.3	1.8	5.5
Government...	64.0	63.4	64.9	66.0	2.0	3.1

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Oct 2016	Aug 2017	Sept 2017	Oct 2017(p)	Oct 2016 to Oct 2017(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA						
Total nonfarm...	2,708.2	2,757.9	2,754.3	2,774.0	65.8	2.4
Mining and logging	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	120.7	121.0	120.5	123.3	2.6	2.2
Manufacturing...	162.5	162.7	161.0	161.5	-1.0	-0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	594.7	598.4	596.5	600.2	5.5	0.9
Information	95.4	99.3	99.2	98.5	3.1	3.2
Financial activities	168.6	173.3	172.9	173.2	4.6	2.7
Professional and business services	503.5	525.8	525.4	528.1	24.6	4.9
Education and health services	341.2	343.7	346.4	351.2	10.0	2.9
Leisure and hospitality..................................	288.2	301.4	296.0	295.5	7.3	2.5
Other services	99.0	101.2	100.0	100.9	1.9	1.9
Government..	332.6	329.3	334.6	339.8	7.2	2.2
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, MA-NH						
Total nonfarm...	2,735.1	2,776.9	2,775.0	2,797.4	62.3	2.3
Mining, logging, and construction...................	111.9	117.0	116.0	117.1	5.2	4.6
Manufacturing...	186.8	188.1	186.8	186.8	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	423.4	426.7	425.7	427.8	4.4	1.0
Information	77.8	79.1	78.5	78.1	0.3	0.4
Financial activities	186.7	193.8	190.7	191.3	4.6	2.5
Professional and business services	476.4	491.0	486.3	491.3	14.9	3.1
Education and health services	580.1	586.0	590.6	598.4	18.3	3.2
Leisure and hospitality..................................	271.0	291.3	275.3	273.9	2.9	1.1
Other services	101.0	111.5	107.5	110.0	9.0	8.9
Government..	320.0	292.4	317.6	322.7	2.7	0.8
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI						
Total nonfarm...	4,710.1	4,711.5	4,705.1	4,731.8	21.7	0.5
Mining and logging	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction	183.0	183.8	182.6	182.0	-1.0	-0.5
Manufacturing...	413.7	412.3	412.1	412.7	-1.0	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	946.2	944.0	935.0	943.1	-3.1	-0.3
Information	80.5	83.3	81.7	82.4	1.9	2.4
Financial activities	298.4	311.5	309.8	310.5	12.1	4.1
Professional and business services	839.5	840.9	838.6	843.4	3.9	0.5
Education and health services	723.5	712.0	718.7	732.0	8.5	1.2
Leisure and hospitality..................................	472.0	491.9	474.7	468.2	-3.8	-0.8
Other services	192.6	197.5	196.4	196.6	4.0	2.1
Government..	559.1	532.7	553.9	559.3	0.2	0.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX						
Total nonfarm...	3,555.7	3,608.4	3,625.3	3,650.1	94.4	2.7
Mining, logging, and construction...................	209.3	210.3	213.0	212.1	2.8	1.3
Manufacturing...	265.3	272.7	272.9	274.2	8.9	3.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	759.4	767.4	767.1	769.9	10.5	1.4
Information	82.0	81.1	80.8	80.5	-1.5	-1.8
Financial activities	286.0	293.2	296.0	293.1	7.1	2.5
Professional and business services	588.0	609.9	615.1	618.2	30.2	5.1
Education and health services	437.6	440.5	441.1	443.2	5.6	1.3
Leisure and hospitality..................................	370.3	390.1	380.3	387.9	17.6	4.8
Other services	123.1	127.6	127.6	129.7	6.6	5.4
Government..	434.7	415.6	431.4	441.3	6.6	1.5
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX						
Total nonfarm...	3,013.5	3,029.6	3,018.4	3,061.6	48.1	1.6
Mining and logging	84.8	86.8	86.7	87.3	2.5	2.9
Construction	221.2	209.5	207.7	213.3	-7.9	-3.6

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Oct 2016	Aug 2017	Sept 2017	Oct 2017(p)	Oct 2016 to Oct 2017(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Manufacturing	219.3	232.7	232.1	229.3	10.0	4.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	609.6	603.1	598.6	607.6	-2.0	-0.3
Information	32.4	32.0	31.7	31.1	-1.3	-4.0
Financial activities	157.1	158.4	158.9	159.6	2.5	1.6
Professional and business services	472.7	484.7	479.8	485.9	13.2	2.8
Education and health services	385.8	395.2	393.0	398.7	12.9	3.3
Leisure and hospitality	310.9	327.1	310.6	319.8	8.9	2.9
Other services	108.1	110.7	109.1	108.7	0.6	0.6
Government	411.6	389.4	410.2	420.3	8.7	2.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA						
Total nonfarm	6,040.3	5,982.7	6,043.1	6,089.2	48.9	0.8
Mining and logging	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	234.9	250.0	248.2	247.1	12.2	5.2
Manufacturing	514.6	508.3	506.2	505.2	-9.4	-1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,095.1	1,084.6	1,089.9	1,097.7	2.6	0.2
Information	261.1	256.0	257.0	257.6	-3.5	-1.3
Financial activities	339.9	340.8	340.3	343.0	3.1	0.9
Professional and business services	914.8	915.4	922.7	923.4	8.6	0.9
Education and health services	988.0	979.4	1,004.3	1,015.7	27.7	2.8
Leisure and hospitality	732.8	740.6	739.4	743.5	10.7	1.5
Other services	206.4	212.0	215.0	214.7	8.3	4.0
Government	748.7	691.6	716.1	737.3	-11.4	-1.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL						
Total nonfarm	2,606.2	2,636.3	2,614.7	2,668.2	62.0	2.4
Mining and logging	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	125.9	132.2	128.8	133.4	7.5	6.0
Manufacturing	87.9	87.9	88.0	90.1	2.2	2.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	591.9	597.8	593.2	600.5	8.6	1.5
Information	49.0	49.1	48.8	49.5	0.5	1.0
Financial activities	175.5	175.6	176.0	175.2	-0.3	-0.2
Professional and business services	431.5	431.6	427.1	439.2	7.7	1.8
Education and health services	385.5	392.6	395.8	403.5	18.0	4.7
Leisure and hospitality	319.8	327.6	312.6	323.7	3.9	1.2
Other services	125.7	131.1	128.0	133.3	7.6	6.0
Government	312.8	310.1	315.7	319.1	6.3	2.0
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA						
Total nonfarm	9,628.1	9,666.3	9,631.7	9,719.4	91.3	0.9
Mining, logging, and construction	392.9	402.8	400.5	400.9	8.0	2.0
Manufacturing	365.9	367.0	367.3	367.7	1.8	0.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,739.3	1,710.9	1,716.5	1,728.9	-10.4	-0.6
Information	291.8	286.4	285.6	285.1	-6.7	-2.3
Financial activities	766.3	790.5	779.0	783.0	16.7	2.2
Professional and business services	1,548.5	1,567.0	1,552.4	1,557.4	8.9	0.6
Education and health services	1,897.9	1,876.1	1,897.9	1,944.5	46.6	2.5
Leisure and hospitality	896.1	979.9	931.5	913.9	17.8	2.0
Other services	415.9	426.1	423.7	423.6	7.7	1.9
Government	1,313.5	1,259.6	1,277.3	1,314.4	0.9	0.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD						
Total nonfarm	2,912.5	2,907.4	2,926.3	2,951.3	38.8	1.3
Mining, logging, and construction	116.4	120.4	119.4	118.8	2.4	2.1
Manufacturing	178.0	179.1	178.6	178.9	0.9	0.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	528.3	523.7	523.9	525.8	-2.5	-0.5
Information	46.2	46.2	46.0	45.9	-0.3	-0.6
Financial activities	212.6	217.7	217.3	216.7	4.1	1.9

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Oct 2016	Aug 2017	Sept 2017	Oct 2017(p)	Oct 2016 to Oct 2017(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services	463.7	479.7	474.4	478.1	14.4	3.1
Education and health services	639.2	624.1	638.3	654.7	15.5	2.4
Leisure and hospitality...................................	265.1	283.5	275.2	272.8	7.7	2.9
Other services	120.0	119.5	117.7	117.8	-2.2	-1.8
Government...	343.0	313.5	335.5	341.8	-1.2	-0.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ						
Total nonfarm..	2,008.5	1,999.7	2,025.8	2,043.1	34.6	1.7
Mining and logging	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	-0.1	-3.0
Construction	107.3	109.8	111.2	111.2	3.9	3.6
Manufacturing...	120.0	124.3	123.7	124.2	4.2	3.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	391.4	386.6	388.1	392.8	1.4	0.4
Information	36.3	33.7	33.6	33.9	-2.4	-6.6
Financial activities	178.7	181.2	181.8	182.4	3.7	2.1
Professional and business services	344.8	343.1	346.7	352.5	7.7	2.2
Education and health services	297.3	300.5	305.7	307.4	10.1	3.4
Leisure and hospitality...................................	218.7	223.3	223.7	226.9	8.2	3.7
Other services	63.7	61.2	61.6	61.0	-2.7	-4.2
Government...	247.0	232.8	246.5	247.6	0.6	0.2
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA						
Total nonfarm..	2,380.0	2,391.1	2,392.6	2,407.7	27.7	1.2
Mining and logging	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	115.8	123.1	123.9	123.9	8.1	7.0
Manufacturing...	132.8	133.9	133.9	134.2	1.4	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	379.6	380.3	378.5	379.6	0.0	0.0
Information	102.0	102.9	102.8	103.5	1.5	1.5
Financial activities	144.2	147.2	145.7	146.5	2.3	1.6
Professional and business services	479.2	473.0	471.2	473.4	-5.8	-1.2
Education and health services	343.9	345.0	350.0	357.0	13.1	3.8
Leisure and hospitality...................................	273.0	282.1	277.5	275.1	2.1	0.8
Other services	86.1	88.9	89.5	89.3	3.2	3.7
Government...	322.4	313.7	318.6	324.2	1.8	0.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV						
Total nonfarm..	3,260.0	3,294.4	3,293.4	3,306.4	46.4	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction...................	158.2	166.2	163.4	163.5	5.3	3.4
Manufacturing...	54.6	54.6	54.3	54.3	-0.3	-0.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	407.5	411.8	409.6	412.4	4.9	1.2
Information	73.0	71.4	71.5	70.9	-2.1	-2.9
Financial activities	157.7	159.1	158.5	159.1	1.4	0.9
Professional and business services	746.9	762.8	756.7	760.2	13.3	1.8
Education and health services	442.8	444.7	446.6	454.0	11.2	2.5
Leisure and hospitality...................................	323.3	346.1	336.0	332.1	8.8	2.7
Other services	194.7	199.2	197.6	198.3	3.6	1.8
Government...	701.3	678.5	699.2	701.6	0.3	0.0

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary